
[Sign this letter! Urgent Action Alert in support of Nagari Kapa community, West Sumatra, Indonesia](#)

We call groups, organizations and movements to support this letter in solidarity with the farmers defending their territory against the attempts of Wilmar International company to turn their rice fields into industrial oil palm plantations.

Dear Friends,

Since October 4th, the farmers of Nagari Kapa community in West Sumatra, Indonesia, have been facing violent police attacks and arrests. Their “crime”: defending their territory and dignity against the attempts of the company PT PHP I, a subsidiary of the transnational Wilmar International, to turn the rice fields of the community into industrial oil palm plantations.

With the urgent public letter below, we express our solidarity with the Nagari Kapa community. The letter calls on Indonesian government institutions and the Indonesian Police to prevent any further aggression and violence against the farmers of Nagari Kapa, and to accelerate the ongoing agrarian reform process.

Please, sign the letter by filling the form. Deadline: 14 October.

Thanks,
WRM International Secretariat

Open Letter in solidarity with farmers of the Nagari Kapa community, West Sumatra, Indonesia.

To:

Head, Indonesia National Police (KAPOLRI)
Head, West Sumatra Regional Police (Kapolda Sumatra Barat)
Minister of Agrarian Affairs and Spatial Planning
Governor of West Sumatra Province
Head, Pasaman Barat Subprovincial District
National Police Commission
National Commission of Human Rights (KOMNAS HAM)
National Commission on Violence against Women (KOMNAS Perempuan)

09 October, 2024

Since 4 October, the farmers of Nagari Kapa community in West Sumatra, Indonesia, have been facing violent police attacks and arrests. Their ‘crime’: defending their territory and dignity against the attempts of PT PHP I, a subsidiary of the transnational Wilmar International company, to turn the rice fields of the community into industrial oil palm plantations. Through this public letter, the undersigned

organisations express their solidarity with the Nagari Kapa community. We urgently call on Indonesian government institutions and the Indonesian Police to prevent any further aggression and violence against the farmers of Nagari Kapa, and to accelerate the ongoing agrarian reform process.

The agrarian conflict between the people of Nagari Kapa, West Pasaman regency in West Sumatra, and the palm oil company PT Permata Hijau Pasaman (PHP), a subsidiary of Wilmar, has been going on for a long time and is now heating up again.

On 4 October, 2024, PHP 1 entered the farmland of Nagari Kapa to plant oil palm. To provide security, the Company managed to mobilise around 150 police and military police forces (Mobile Brigade/Brimob). On that same day, the community organized a peaceful sit-in protest to defend its farmland and clashed with the police forces. The West Sumatra Police arrested nine farmers from Nagari Kapa, including 6 women. In the evening the police released the farmers but, on 7 October, they arrested again five farmers and released them again on 8 October. The 6 women and 8 men who were arrested these days have been injured, due to police aggression. Most of them were beaten. A young woman was harassed by the police.

Since October 5, PT PHP 1 has been rapidly destroying people's crops and carrying out oil palm tree planting in day time and during the night.

The action of PT PHP 1 to force access to the land designated as priority site for the agrarian reform program with the protection of the West Sumatra Police units is a gross violation of farmers rights and the implementation of the agrarian reform program by the Government's Ministry of Agrarian Affairs and Spatial Planning.

To prevent further perpetration of violent maltreatment of the Nagari Kapa people and to ensure the acceleration of the ongoing agrarian reform process, we demand the following:

1. The Head of National Police and the Head of West Sumatra Police must refrain from such a brutal provocation contradicting their role in the ongoing agrarian reform process; stop violence and criminalization now against the people; and pull back all police personnel from conflict land immediately.
2. The farmers arrested respectively on 4 and 7 October were extra-legally and violently "kidnapped" while in peaceful sit-in protest at the disputed land, transported to the Regional Police Headquarters in Padang for interrogation (witness "interview"), and then released. All that is done while the Police had received the notification for action, sent by LBH Padang on October 6, 2024 (see the ["Background information" here](#)), the only police requirement for such an action. The Head of West Sumatra Police must investigate the violent maltreatment by police personnel including female police officers to the farmers, including dragging, face hitting and sexual harassment.
3. The Head of West Sumatra Police cq. Head of West Pasaman Police Resort must take measures to re-plant the trees and planted crops being bulldozed since 4 October, 2024, till now, as well as ensuring that the people can continue using the land while the agrarian reform process for the conflict land is carried out, in their mandated duty to facilitate such a process.
4. The Minister of Agrarian Affairs and Spatial Planning must take action and provide an executive order for the Head of the National Police, Head of West Sumatra Police and Head of West Pasaman Police Resort to facilitate the Nagari Kapa farmers in continuing their farming activities while participating in the agrarian reform process.

5. The Governor of West Sumatra Province must take action to make sure that the Subprovincial District (Kabupaten) Government in its capacity as party to the agrarian reform process prevents PT PHP 1 from destroying Nagari Kapa farmers' crops and from carrying out oil palm tree planting.

6. We appeal to the National Commission of Human Rights (KOMNAS HAM) and the National Commission on Violence against Women (KOMNAS Perempuan) to meet the Nagari Kapa farmers and conduct an investigation on the presence and action of ± 150 police personnel to protect PT Permata Hijau Pasaman I (PHP I), a subsidiary of Wilmar International forced-access to the conflict land designated as agrarian reform object (TORA)

Signatories of this letter:

1. Project SEVANA South-East Asia, International
2. Red Mesoamericana frente a la Palma Aceitera, International
3. World Rainforest Movement, International
4. Rede Jubileu Sul Brasil, Brazil
5. Rede Alerta Contra Desertos Verdes, Brazil
6. Amigas da Terra Brasil, Brazil
7. Articulação Agro é Fogo, Brazil
8. ATRr, Brazil
9. APROMOVA, Brazil
10. Oilwatch Latinoamerica, Brazil
11. Fórum carajás, Brazil
12. FASE Espírito Santo, Brazil
13. EPAAEB, Brazil
14. Amigas da Terra Brasil, Brazil
15. Rede intercomunitaria Almeirim em Ação-RICA, Brazil
16. Aldeia indígena pataxó Rio Do Cahy.FINPAT, Brazil
17. Conselho de gestão Kaapor, Brazil
18. Centro de Formação Saberes Ka'apor, Brazil
19. Movimento dos trabalhadores rurais sem terra MST, Brazil
20. MLT, Brazil
21. UFSB, Brazil
22. Struggle to Economize Future Environment (SEFE), Cameroon
23. Journalists for Earth (J4E), Cameroon
24. SYNAPARCAM, Cameroun
25. RADD, Cameroun
26. Montes Nativos, Colombia
27. Corporación Tierra Poderosa, Colombia
28. Asociación MINGA, Colombia
29. Mesa Ambiental de Jericó, Antioquia, Colombia
30. Asociación Kusikui, Colombia
31. Censat Agua Viva, Colombia
32. Universidad de la Guajira, Colombia
33. Feria del Buen Vivir Alto Putumayo, Colombia
34. Centro de Atención Psicosocial -CAPS, Colombia
35. REFEB CI, Côte d'Ivoire
36. Acción Ecológica, Ecuador
37. Red Ecuatoriana de Alternativas a la Palma Aceitera, Ecuador
38. Movimiento Mujeres Luna Creciente, Ecuador

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39. Acción Ecológica, Ecuador
 40. Salva la Selva/Salve a Floresta, España
 41. Muyissi Environnement, Gabon
 42. Rettet den Regenwald, Germany
 43. Indigenous Perspectives, India
 44. Universitas Pendidikan Ganesha, Indonesia
 45. Sundesk, Indonesia
 46. NUGAL Ecologica Indonesia, Indonesia
 47. School of Democratic Economics, Indonesia
 48. Perkumpulan Pegiat Kesehatan Masyarakat, Indonesia
 49. WALHI Jawa Timur, Indonesia
 50. TPOLS Secretariat, Indonesia
 51. Pusaka Bentala Rakyat, Indonesia
 52. Tifa Foundation, Indonesia
 53. Legal aid padang, Indonesia
 54. IRPAD-Afrique, Mali
 55. Otros Mundos Chiapas, México
 56. Justiça Ambiental, Moçambique
 57. Center for Indigenous Peoples research and development, Nepal
 58. Institute for Indigenous affairs and development, Nepal
 59. Palm Oil Detectives, New Zealand
 60. Cepka, Peru
 61. Organización Regional AIDSEP UCAYALI, Perú
 62. Luna que Doula, Perú
 63. Unyon ng mga Manggagawa sa Agrikultura (UMA), Philippines
 64. Confédération Paysanne du Congo, RD Congo
 65. Women's Network Against Rural Plantations Injustice (WoNARPI), Sierra Leone
 66. Biofuelwatch, UK
 67. The Oakland Institute, USA
 68. Friends of the Earth US, USA